



Manor Road Primary School shares class list information with providers in connection with the following public health screening programmes:

### **National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP)**

The lawful basis for processing personal data is:

#### **Art. 6 (1) (e) GDPR:**

*Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.*

The personal data processed in respect of these two public health screening programmes includes personal data revealing ethnic origin which is classified as special category personal data under Art. 9 GDPR which merit special protection and consequently a further condition for processing is required.

The additional lawful basis for processing special category personal data (specifically ethnic origin) is:

#### **Art. 9 (2) (i) GDPR:**

*Processing is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health.*

### **Dental Screening Survey & Vision Screening Programmes**

The lawful basis for sharing personal data is:

#### **Art. 6 (1) (f) GDPR:**

*Processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the controller or by a third party*

The legitimate interest is to *provide public health services and improve health and wellbeing outcomes for children and young people*, which falls outside the task of schools as public authorities to provide education to children and young people.

Processing is *necessary* as only schools hold up to date class list/address data to facilitate:

- Any necessary follow-up arrangements, in response to identified need or to promote health and wellbeing, by a health professionals. Contact is arranged with the child/ young person or with parents/ carers.
- Any appointments being sent to the parent/guardian of a child who requires further assessment of their optical health needs – or to arrange follow-up as indicated by the initial screening tests.

The LEA only receive snapshot census data 3 times per year.

It is in the child's interests to be offered an appointment to treat any identified further health needs. Some conditions such as amblyopia (lazy eye) are much more difficult to treat if left undiagnosed after the age of 8 and can result in permanent vision loss.

Optical and oral health are important aspects of a child's overall health status